Introduction

This handbook is written for teachers at BYU’s English Language Center (ELC). It includes important information to help them be successful in their work at the ELC and to ensure that they are in compliance with all policies and procedures. Teachers with questions related to their responsibilities should consult this handbook first. They should also read and be familiar with the ELC Student Handbook.

The contents of this handbook are organized around the ELC’s mission statement including the introduction and the three focus statements. Teachers should become familiar with the mission of the ELC and how it relates to their individual work.

The Mission of BYU’s English Language Center

As a lab school, the English Language Center supports BYU’s Department of Linguistics and English Language by facilitating the teaching, learning, and research of English as a second language. The ELC achieves this mission by:

1. Providing BYU students with opportunities to apply university study in practical contexts and to develop excellence in English language teaching, tutoring, curriculum design, materials development, technology use, assessment, evaluation, and research.

2. Providing ELC students with the highest quality teaching of foundational and academic English in a research-based curriculum.

3. Sharing our scholarship by presenting and publishing our relevant experience, research, and resources for the benefit of others.

Fall 2010

Note about departmental support:

The ELC supports the Department of Linguistics and English Language by providing faculty with access to ELC resources, language learners, or instructors to facilitate their teaching, the learning of their students, or their research.
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PART 1: Teacher Development

From the ELC’s Mission Statement:

1. Providing BYU students with opportunities to apply university study in practical contexts and to develop excellence in English language teaching, tutoring, curriculum design, materials development, technology use, assessment, evaluation, and research.

The ELC provides opportunities for BYU graduate students enrolled in Linguistics 611 and 612 to teach at the ELC under the supervision of a cooperating teacher. These courses are offered winter semester and usually include opportunities for practicum students to teach half of the semester in the CORE Program (Community Outreach English) and half the semester at the ELC with a cooperating teacher. In addition to observing the cooperating teacher, student teachers play an increasing role in planning and teaching in their practicum classrooms. Cooperating teachers are usually paid a small stipend for their work with a practicum student. ELC teachers should understand that this practicum experience is central to the ELC mission.

1.1 Hiring, Evaluation, and Mentoring

1.1.1 Hiring Policy

Because of their central role in the ELC’s mission, BYU’s TESOL graduate students receive priority in the hiring process. First-time teachers who have received at least a “B” in Linguistics 611 and 612 are eligible to be hired for one class. Returning student teachers may be eligible to teach one or two classes. However, students who are not progressing adequately in their graduate work or are past their second year in the program will lose their priority status and may not be offered a class. Depending on enrollment and the number of TESOL graduate students, non-students with a record of excellence in teaching and a willingness to mentor student teachers may also be hired to teach some ELC classes. Continuing employment for all teachers at the ELC is based on quality of teaching and teacher citizenship as demonstrated by the timely completion of administrative responsibilities and the overall contribution the teacher makes to the ELC. Classes will not be offered to teachers who fail to fulfill teaching and administrative responsibilities or who undermine the ELC’s positive learning and teaching environment.

1.1.2 Evaluation

An essential element of the ELC’s institutional culture is a desire to identify ways to improve and to take appropriate actions to effect needed changes. Therefore, the ELC strongly encourages ongoing evaluation, both formal and informal.

Student Evaluations

Students will have a number of formal opportunities on an institutional level to evaluate their classes and give their teachers feedback twice during the semester—one at
midterm and once at the end of the semester. Students will complete both of these evaluations electronically. After the midterm evaluation, teachers will meet with a program supervisor to discuss the feedback along with ways their class might be improved. Teachers will receive feedback from their semester-end evaluation after final exams have been administered and after grades have been submitted. Teachers will also have an opportunity to conduct an additional evaluation that they direct. They share their results with their Program Supervisors. In addition, teachers are also strongly encouraged to conduct their own informal evaluations frequently to identify student needs and specific ways their class might be adjusted to enhance learning.

**Supervisor Evaluations and Teaching Videos**
Returning ELC teachers are required to have a yearly video observation kept on file at the ELC along with a simple evaluation from a supervisor. Please note that the video observation room may be scheduled through the front office (Room 103) to prepare this teaching video.

**Administrative Observations**
Teachers should expect to be observed at least once each semester by an ELC administrator. Some classes may be observed several times. The reasons for such observations vary, but may include an effort to provide feedback to a teacher, a need to observe particular students, a desire to see how well a curricular component functions in the classroom and so on. Administrators will usually be able to provide teachers with advance notice of such visits along with an explanation of the purpose of the observation.

1.1.3 Mentors
Most student teachers complete their practicum at the ELC. During this period, they learn a great deal about the ELC, its resources, policies, and procedures. Such teachers are provided with a mentor when they assume their own class for the first time. Mentors receive a small stipend for the time they spend with the new teacher providing guidance and answering questions. Program supervisors coordinate mentoring. First-time teachers should initially go to their mentors with questions they may have. If the mentor does not have the needed information, he/she will ask the program supervisor, and then inform the first-time teacher.


1.2 Teacher Expectations

1.2.1 Principled Pedagogical Practices of ELC Teachers

The ELC has a tradition of excellence. Being invited to teach at the ELC is a singular privilege. ELC teachers strive to exemplify the following pedagogical practices for themselves, their students, and all who may come to observe their classes:

1. Rely on course objectives to guide teaching and assessment
2. Manage class time and resources effectively
3. Maintain a positive learning environment
4. Facilitate student motivation
5. Respond to individual learner needs
6. Provide meaningful and timely feedback
7. Utilize homework effectively
8. Demonstrate professionalism

ELC Teachers should frequently engage in introspection regarding their application of these practices in their classrooms.

1.2.2 Professionalism

Teachers at the ELC are expected to:

1. Attend all required faculty meetings and workshops;
2. Complete administrative tasks and paperwork on time (e.g., course outlines, grades, evaluations);
3. Be punctual and require punctuality of the students;
4. Be well prepared for every class and use class time wisely;
5. Require proper titles from students (Mr., Ms., Dr., Brother, etc.);
6. Represent BYU and the Church well in dress and manner;
7. Maintain appropriate boundaries between themselves and students;
8. Be respectful and courteous to other teachers in the treatment of shared resources, such as classrooms, offices, and materials;
9. Be an example of respect and Christian kindness to students, staff, and co-workers, and require the same high standard of behavior of the students at the ELC.
10. Communicate with program supervisors in a timely manner regarding student concerns such as plagiarism, classroom disruptions, attitude problems, honor code issues and so on.

1.2.3 Children

Under no condition should children be brought to the ELC during instruction time. This policy applies to teachers and students. It is the responsibility of the teacher to insist on this policy in class.
1.2.4 Dating
ELC staff such as administrators, teachers, tutors, lab employees, administrative staff, and interns must demonstrate the highest level of professionalism in their interactions with currently enrolled students. Therefore, no ELC staff is allowed to date or maintain a romantic relationship with currently enrolled students. In order to pursue a romantic relationship, either the student or the staff member would need to voluntarily leave the ELC. Please talk to the Associate Coordinator if you have questions about this policy.

1.2.5 Dress and Grooming Standards
ELC teachers are concerned with dress and grooming at three levels. First they adhere to the standards outlined in the BYU Honor Code. Second, they adhere to the additional guidelines required for teachers at the ELC. Finally, they help their students to follow the dress and grooming code as well (see section 2.4 Honor Code).

Honor Code
The dress and grooming of both men and women should always be modest, neat, and clean, consistent with the dignity adherent to representing The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and any of its institutions of higher education.

Modesty and cleanliness are important values that reflect personal dignity and integrity, through which students, staff, and faculty represent the principles and standards of the Church. Members of the BYU community commit themselves to observe the following standards, which reflect the direction of the Board of Trustees and the Church publication For the Strength of Youth. The Dress and Grooming Standards are as follows:

Men
A clean and well-cared-for appearance should be maintained. Clothing is inappropriate when it is sleeveless, revealing, or form fitting. Shorts must be knee-length or longer. Hairstyles should be clean and neat, avoiding extreme styles or colors, and trimmed above the collar, leaving the ear uncovered. Sideburns should not extend below the earlobe or onto the cheek. If worn, moustaches should be neatly trimmed and may not extend beyond or below the corners of the mouth. Men are expected to be clean-shaven; beards are not acceptable. Pierced ears and other body piercings are not acceptable. Shoes should be worn in all public campus areas.

Women
A clean and well-cared-for appearance should be maintained. Clothing is inappropriate when it is sleeveless, strapless, backless, or revealing; has slits above the knee; or is form fitting. Dresses, skirts, and shorts must be knee-length or longer. Hairstyles should be clean and neat, avoiding extremes in styles or colors. Excessive ear piercing (more than one per ear) and all other body piercings are not acceptable. Shoes should be worn in all public campus areas.
ELC Guidelines
In addition to the dress and grooming guidelines dictated by the honor code, ELC teachers must adhere to a high standard of professional appearance. No one visiting the classroom should have difficulty identifying the teacher.

Appropriate Men’s Clothing:
Dress shirt, slacks (no jeans or shorts), tie, dress shoes (no tennis shoes or flip flops).

Appropriate Women’s Clothing:
Blouses, skirts, dresses, suits, or slacks (no T-shirts, jeans, or shorts), dress shoes (no tennis shoes or flip flops).

If you have a question about whether or not something is appropriate, talk to your supervisor or simply choose something else to wear.

Assisting Your Students
Teachers are expected to address student violations of the dress and grooming standards with kindness and respect. Students should be asked to resolve the problem. Students may need to leave the classroom or even the ELC in order to remedy the situation. However, students should be welcomed back once the issue has been resolved (though they may need to be counted absent if they miss more than ten minutes of class). The Student Life Coordinator may be available to assist with situations that may be especially awkward. Teachers should complete an incident report and contact Program Supervisors if students repeatedly violate the dress and grooming standards.

1.2.6 Preventing Sexual Discrimination and Harassment
For the benefit and safety of students and faculty, teachers should include the following statement verbatim in all course syllabi:

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 is intended to eliminate sex discrimination and sexual harassment in educational contexts. Any ELC student, teacher, staff member, or administrator who becomes aware of sexual harassment, discrimination, or misconduct of any kind, directed toward them or any other member of the ELC community should immediately contact Dr. James Hartshorn (801-422-4034, james_hartshorn@byu.edu) or Dr. Norman Evans (801-422-8472, neil_anderson@byu.edu). If they are unavailable, please leave a message and then contact the Equal Employment Office (801-422-5895, 1-888-238-1062, http://www.ethicspoint.com) or the Honor Code Office (801-422-2847).

1.2.7 Memos & Email
Generally, the ELC administrators will contact teachers through one of two ways—email or messages placed into teachers’ boxes. Some of this information will be time sensitive. Therefore, it is essential that teachers check their boxes in room 103 and their email every day.
1.2.8 Office Use
Teachers will be assigned a shared office space when they begin teaching. Teachers should keep in mind that the UPC building is used by student wards and that their offices are also used by the bishops of those wards. Therefore, the offices must be kept clean and tidy. All teacher belongings should be stored in the carrels, not under or on top of them. ELC personnel may use their assigned office space until 6:00 p.m. when offices must be turned over to ward bishops. Teachers should clean their area and close their carrel before leaving. If teachers need a computer or workspace after 6:00 p.m., they should use room 359. Nothing should be tacked or taped to the office doors, walls, or windows at the ELC. Instead, the bulletin boards should be used for this purpose. Teachers should not expect the building to be open for use on Saturdays.

1.2.9 Parking at the UPC
Many of the parking spaces immediately around the perimeter of the UPC are designated for faculty and staff. Other parking is designated for students. Teachers need to park in the areas that correspond to their current status (i.e., student, non-student faculty, etc.). However, vehicles must be registered with the BYU Traffic Office in the JKB. Registration can be done online at the following link: https://police.byu.edu/content/parking-services-general-information

1.2.10 Substitutions
Teachers who are unable to teach their class must find a substitute from among those currently teaching at the ELC, inform their program supervisor, and complete a Substitute Request Form. Any exceptions must be approved by a program supervisor. According to BYU policy, substitutes may not be paid, so substituting in return is recommended. Remember, the approval process is not complete until the Substitute Request Form has been filled out and signed by the teacher, the substitute, the program supervisor, and the completed form has been received by the program supervisor. When teachers are unable to plan in advance due to an emergency (i.e., sudden illness or accident), teachers should make every effort to arrange for a substitute. They also should contact their supervisor as soon as possible. If the supervisor cannot be reached, they should contact the ELC Administrative Assistant (801-422-4632) or the Associate Coordinator (801-422-4034). ELC teachers should never cancel a class.

1.3 Teachers’ Administrative Responsibilities

1.3.1 An Overview of Placement, ELC Grades, and Advancement

Diagnostic Tests and Placement Verification
Teachers are required to administer diagnostic tests during the first week of class. This will help identify students’ strengths and weaknesses and verify that they are placed correctly. Teachers who would like guidance for their diagnostic testing should contact their program supervisor. Teachers should never tell students that they will or should be moved up or down a level. Nor should a teacher ever recommend to other teachers that
a student should be moved up or down during the first week of class. If they feel that a student has been misplaced, they should indicate it on the form given to them by the Administrative Assistant (see the paragraph below), and tell their program supervisor. Any changes will be decided by the administration after looking at all teacher recommendations. Changes, if any, will take place the second week of class.

During the first week of the semester, the Administrative Assistant will distribute the Placement Verification form on which teachers will be required to indicate how well placed each student is, based on a diagnostic test and informal observations, using the five-point scale below.

### Diagnostic Ranking

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Student could advance to the next level and be successful.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Student is at the top of their level (in the top 20%), but placed correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Student is placed correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Student is at the bottom of their level (in the bottom 20%), but placed correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Student should be placed in a lower level.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Citizenship Grades

Citizenship grades at the ELC demonstrate student effort to learn, practice, and apply the language learning principles taught in class. They should encompass all of the **experiential objectives** in the curriculum. High citizenship grades also suggest that a student meets expectations for contributing to a positive environment that will maximize learning. Citizenship grades determine whether a student will be allowed to return to the ELC the following semester. They also may be used to determine whether a student will be allowed to work or take a vacation. To remain in good standing, students must earn a citizenship grade of at least 84% (GPA 3.0) in each class. Citizenship grades should always be current so students are aware of their standing and can make informed decisions about their homework and class participation. Students should receive feedback from their teachers about their citizenship grades on a weekly basis. Citizenship grades are based on the following two components, which are weighted equally:

**Homework Completion (50%)**

*Purpose:* to show student consistency in completing assignments or other preparation outside of class time in order to maximize learning in class.

*Calculation:* the percentage of the total volume of homework that is completed on time (rather than how accurate or proficient the work is).

*Considerations:* Teachers are free to determine whether this will include one score per day or one score per assignment. Teachers also are free to weight assignments equally or to determine various weighting schemes for different assignments. Teachers must differentiate timely completion of homework, which is part of the citizenship grade, from the language skill or proficiency demonstrated by their performance on the homework, which is not part of the citizenship grade. Because much of the learning at the ELC grows out of language learning experiences, many assignments are worth a grade for simply completing the assignment. Thus
speaking logs, vocabulary logs, daily reading and weekly journals are examples of citizenship assignments. If teachers feel that an assignment measures a students’ proficiency as well, it is acceptable to attach a citizenship and a proficiency score to the assignment. While no extra credit is allowed at the ELC, students may be given opportunities to make up late or missed homework, in accordance with their teacher’s class policies.

**APPROPRIATE PARTICIPATION (50%)**

*Purpose:* to show student cooperation with, contribution to, and active engagement in classroom activities in order to maximize learning during the class period.

*Calculation:* the total number of class days where the student appropriately participated in class over the total number of days.

*Considerations:* Teachers are free to determine whether participation will be a dichotomous decision on their part or whether the score will be broken down into subcomponents such as punctuality, being fully engaged in the class activities, maintaining appropriate behavior and so on. Because of the unique nature of classroom participation, it cannot be made up in most situations, even when absences have been excused. In calculating student participation, teachers should consider factors such as student preparation for class, alertness and effort in classroom activities, attitude and respect for teachers and students, and so on. If students are disruptive or disrespectful, teachers should consider deducting participation points for that day. In that way, a student who does all the homework and attends class may still receive a low participation score if he or she behaves inappropriately.

**GUIDELINES:**

1. Ensure that your methods of determining the homework and participation components of the citizenship grade are clear to you and completely transparent to your students.
2. Make sure that you implement your grading methods consistently from one student to another.
3. Make updates to your citizenship grades at least weekly and ensure that your students have access to them.
4. Though citizenship grades will be cumulative over the course of the semester, components of the citizenship grade may be subtracted from the total due to inappropriate student behavior. For example, plagiarism or various forms of cheating may warrant the deletion of homework or participation points that were awarded previously. Students who show disrespect for the teacher or classmates or who exhibit behavior that is disruptive, confrontational, or adversarial may also forfeit participation points. In unusual circumstances, teachers may also subtract participation points awarded previously. However, this should only be done in consultation with the program supervisor. If a pattern of lost participation points develops for a student, the program supervisor should be notified.

**Proficiency Grades**
This grade measures students’ ability to use English well enough to fulfill the objectives for a given class. The proficiency grade is representative of a student’s actual English proficiency improvement throughout the semester. One purpose of this grade is to provide students concrete feedback on this improvement. This grade also shows how students will perform in the next level. Though a minimum proficiency grade may not be required to move on the next level, a score of 74% is considered passing. Teachers should determine and explain to students whether their proficiency is sufficient to handle more advanced tasks in the next level.

For example, if using a scale of 0-100%, the teacher might determine that 70-80% means that the students’ English work falls below the level norm; 80-90% might signify that the work satisfies the level expectation; 90% and above might signify that work exceeds the level requirements. Whatever grading scale the teacher uses, the grades should give an honest assessment of students’ abilities. Sugarcoating grades does no favors for students. If the teacher is unsure of a student’s ability, he/she should compare the student with the rest of the class or ask a more experienced teacher to give an opinion.

Examples of activities and assignments that might fall under proficiency include: quizzes or tests, final drafts of process writing, first drafts of writing/speaking in grammar classes, presentations, reading rate, vocabulary acquisition, etc. Because this grade needs to reflect ability, extra-credit should not be included in this grade. In order to have a proficiency grade that truly reflects student proficiency, teachers should take extra care to create classroom assessments (quizzes and tests) that will produce a true and accurate measure of each student’s language performance level. Teachers who are unsure about the reliability, validity, and quality of a quiz and/or test they produce are responsible to seek help from the appropriate program supervisor. Supervisors are responsible for regularly providing information and training to teachers to help ensure that accurate assessment is occurring in each classroom.

**Level Achievement Test (LAT) Rating**

As a final proficiency assessment, all students will take the Level Achievement Tests (LATs) at the end of each semester. Each teacher is responsible to help rate Level Achievement Tests (LATs) and to participate in the rater calibration meeting for their assigned skill. At the end of the semester all ELC teachers will be given an assignment to rate either Speaking, Timed Writing, or Portfolio LATs. Teachers will be notified of their assignment before the end of the semester and will receive a rating training packet for their assigned skill. The rating sheet from this packet must be turned in prior to the rating calibrations meeting to check for discrepancies. The calibration meeting will be held on the day after the computerized LATs, before teachers begin rating. Teachers will be scheduled and paid to rate three hours for each class they teach. (The actual time spent rating may vary, as some raters are very adept at rating quickly while still remaining accurate; others are more methodical and may take more time.) On the day of ratings, teachers will receive a list of student IDs of exams to rate. All LATs are double-rated for reliability. If two raters give an exam a score that varies by more than one ranking, it will be triple rated.
Submitting Grades
Throughout the semester, teachers are required to submit the citizenship grade status for each of their students. Using a form provided in their boxes, teachers simply indicate whether or not each student is maintaining a passing citizenship grade (84% or GPA of 3.0). Toward the end of the semester teachers will receive a grade form in their box—one for citizenship grades and one for proficiency grades. These forms must be turned in on time to the front desk in 103 UPC. In the first column for both the citizenship and proficiency grades, teachers should record each student’s current grade percentage rounded to the nearest whole number.

If a student receives a citizenship grade lower than 84%, teachers should explain the reasons why, such as missing assignments, poor attitude etc. In addition, teachers are requested to mark if they would want the student to return the next semester. If a teacher marks “no,” the teacher should give an explanation why. Students who are dismissed for low citizenship grades may ask questions as to why they are not allowed to return. Explanations in the comments column help the administration explain the rationale for their decision, if asked by a student, parent, or sponsor. For proficiency grades, teachers may want to note things that are important for the Executive Council to know when considering student promotion. For example, a teacher might share concerns if students have a learning disability or something else that might have affected their proficiency grade.

Proficiency Ranking
In conjunction with diagnostic testing during the first week and when teachers are asked to submit final grades, they are required to give each student a Five-Point Proficiency Rating and a Student Class Ranking. The purpose of these measures is to provide the Executive Council with multiple sources of evidence from which to make promotion decisions, as well as assist in validating the LATs. The Five-Point Rating allows teachers to give a holistic rating of the students’ preparedness for the next level. Sometimes numerical grades do not translate into what the teacher feels the students’ actual ability levels are. This rating gives the teachers the opportunity to express their expert opinion on the students’ readiness for the next level. For this reason, teachers should not simply convert the proficiency grade to the five-point scale unless they feel it truly measures their students’ abilities. The scores for a five-point rating should be determined as follows:

Midterm Ranking
5  Student could have skipped this level and would have been successful.
4  Student is at the top of their level (in the top 20%), but placed correctly.
3  Student is placed correctly.
2  Student is at the bottom of their level (in the bottom 20%), but placed correctly.
1  Student should have been placed in the lower level at the beginning of the semester.

Final Ranking
5 Student could skip one level and be successful.
4 Student will be at the top of the next level, but placed correctly.
3 Student will be placed correctly in the next level.
2 Student will be at the bottom of the next level, but placed correctly.
1 Student should remain in the same level for the next semester.

The Student Class Ranking represents a student’s language proficiency in relationship to his/her classmates. As above, teachers should not simply convert the proficiency grade to a rank order unless they feel that it truly measures the student’s class standing. If a teacher has two (or three) students that seem to have an equal ranking, standard mathematical procedures should be followed for handling a tied rank. For example, if there are 10 students in the class, and a teacher feels that there are two students in the middle of the ranking who are of equal ability, the ranking would be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student</th>
<th>Ranking</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3*</td>
<td>3.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4*</td>
<td>3.5</td>
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<td>5</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Notice that students 3 and 4 both receive a ranking of 3.5. This is the average of 3 + 4 divided by 2.

**Advancing from One Level to Another**

To advance to the next level, students must have proficiency grades of 2.0 or higher in at least two classes AND have three teacher recommendations to advance.

**Repeating a Level**

If students have a proficiency grade below 2.0 in three or more classes, they automatically repeat their current level. If they have a proficiency grade below 2.0 in two classes, and two teachers recommend that they stay back, then they repeat their current level.

Since the ELC is a short-term language program, we do not allow a student to repeat the same level three times. If they do not pass after the second semester, they cannot return to the ELC.

**Skipping a Level**

In order to skip a level the following conditions must be met:

1. The student must have a proficiency grade higher than 3.6 in all classes.
2. The student must have a five-point rating of 5 in all classes.
3. The student’s LAT results must be at the 85th percentile or higher.

1.3.2 Attendance
Teachers must pick up their attendance roll from their box in Room 103 each day before class. They must not add students to their roll unless instructed to do so by the Administrative Assistant. The roll should be marked at the beginning of class and put on the clip outside the door. An “A” is marked if a student is absent and an “L” or “Late” if a student is late. Teachers should mark nothing if the student is present. If all students are present and on time, a line should be drawn down the column for that day to show that attendance has been taken. A student who misses more than 10 minutes of class during any part of the class period is considered absent. Office workers will pick up the roll approximately 20 minutes after the beginning of class. If the class roll is not outside the door, they will open the door and ask the teacher for it. Though teachers are responsible to mark the roll accurately each day, teachers are not authorized to excuse tardies or absences. Tardies and absences will only be excused for special extenuating circumstances approved by the Executive Council (e.g., attendance at the funeral of an immediate family member, doctor visits or medical treatments with a doctor’s note, or other unique circumstances that may warrant an excuse). The Student Life Coordinator will mark excused tardies and absences on the roll within one week after the event. Students must have 80% attendance to receive a completion certificate; they must also maintain 80% attendance to remain at the ELC. For additional information, see the ELC Attendance Policy included below from the Student Handbook:

**ELC Attendance Policy**

Consistently attending class is a central part of learning and improving your English. When you are absent from class, you miss important information and practice opportunities that you need to improve your English.

The US Government allows each English program to establish its own attendance policy. The following requirements reflect the ELC’s commitment to create the right environment to help you improve your English.

ELC students must maintain 80% attendance in each and every class at all times. As soon as your attendance drops below 80% in any one of your four classes, you will receive a warning letter. If you have any unexcused absences before raising your attendance back to 80%, you will be dismissed.

If your attendance drops below 80% a second time in any one of your four classes, you will be dismissed from the ELC. Once you receive your attendance dismissal letter, you must go to Anna Bailey’s office (4056 JFSB) immediately.

The US Government states that if a student is dismissed for violation of a school’s attendance policy, then their student visa is immediately terminated and the student will need to leave the US within two weeks. If students want to transfer to another school, they will have to reapply to be reinstated. However, attempts to be reinstated rarely successful.

If you are sick and unable to attend class, please provide a note from your doctor.
Within two days of returning to class, the doctor’s note must be received in the ELC office (103 UPC). Be aware that forging a doctor’s note is a violation of the BYU Honor Code and will result in an immediate dismissal from the ELC.

If you know that you will be absent from class for any reason other than an illness (i.e., a family wedding or a death in the family), you should notify the ELC administration in writing and deliver your letter to UPC 103. These absences will be considered on an individual basis and may not necessarily be excused.

Being absent also results in missing class participation points that are part of your citizenship grade. Whenever you are absent from class, please contact each of your teachers to receive information on the assignments that you missed. Students who are ill should go to the Student Health Center (see Health Care or http://health.byu.edu for more information).

1.3.3 Students on Probation
At the end of the semester, enrolled students who plan to return to the ELC who have one or more grades below 2.0 and/or have an attendance percentage of less than 80% in one or more classes will be considered on a case-by-case basis for one of the following:
1. Dismissal with no permission to transfer to another school,
2. Dismissal with permission to transfer to another school, or
3. Permission to return with the proviso that they must bring grades and attendance to the above standard by midterm in order to be allowed to complete the semester.

Students on probation for grades or attendance will usually not be allowed to take a break. Consideration will be made for, and not limited to, ill health and learning disabilities.

1.4 Curriculum and Classroom Policies and Resources

1.4.1 Eating or Drinking in the Classroom
With the exception of bottled water, eating or drinking in the classroom is not generally permitted. Rare exceptions must be approved by program supervisors. If teachers desire to have food or a celebration as a part of a learning activity, they may reserve half of the gymnasium to use during class.

1.4.2 End of Semester Activities
Oftentimes teachers and students want to celebrate their learning during the last week of classes. Class time is a valuable resource that cannot be replaced. Learning and LAT preparation is a priority. Therefore, teachers of a particular section of students who wish to have a class party should coordinate their efforts and limit in-class celebrations to one per section. The ELC provides a large activity at the end of the semester after the closing assembly where students and teachers can celebrate together.

1.4.3 Technology Use
Effective technology use can contribute positively to effective language teaching and learning. As a result, it is expected that teachers at the ELC gain both technology skills and an understanding of what technologies can best help their students meet certain objectives and how and when to use these technologies in the language classroom. In order to accomplish this, the ELC provides access to an abundance of technology resources for student and teacher use.

For student and instructional use, the computer labs and various checkout technologies are available. For our teachers’ preparation, the computers in 359 and other checkout technologies are also available. Students are not allowed to use the computers in this room; they must use the computer lab or SASC computers. Because Room 359 is a shared space, teachers should not leave personal belongings and classroom materials there to clutter the room. All who use these resources should do so in accordance to all of the policies related to their use and be conscientious of the shared nature of these resources.

While the ELC does its best to maintain and manage these resources, problems may arise as these resources are used. If this happens, please consider the following:
1. Always include a description of technologies that could be alternatively used in your lesson plans.
2. Immediately raise the awareness of the lab staff to the issue. During normal operating hours there should be at least one lab attendant at the service desk in the computer lab (119 UPC). Depending on the issue, they may be able to immediately service your needs.
3. If the lab attendant on duty is unable to meet your needs, please complete the Technology Request form found at the ELC website: Teachers/Class Resources/Technology Request Form or at http://elc.byu.edu/teacher/tech_request/form.php.
4. After you have done this if the problem remains unresolved, please contact the computer lab (801-422-7289; elc-csrs@byu.edu) or the Technology Coordinator (801-422-4042; judson_hart@byu.edu).

1.4.4 Copies and Printing
Printers are available for teachers throughout the building for work-related printing, including room 103, room 359 and the computer lab. (Note that everyone who prints in the computer lab is charged printing fees.) Teachers may request that a lab attendant set up their personal computer to print to ELC printers. Refill paper for these printers can be requested in room 103.

Teachers must never print multiple copies on a printer. Copy orders may be submitted to the “To Be Copied” box in room 103. Lessons and activities should be planned ahead so that copies can be submitted in a timely manner. Teachers should allow at least one hour for copies to be completed, but 24 hours is best, just to be safe. Copying is done on a first-come, first-served basis, not on demand. Copies are limited to 100 copies per student per class. All copy requests must be accompanied by a copy request slip and put in the copy request box in room 103. Paper colors are shown on the office counter. Personal copies and printing need to be paid for at the time of service. Completed copies will be placed in your box in room 103.

Copy requests that violate copyright laws will be refused. For information about what these violations may include, please see the Copyright Policy below. Incomplete or unclear copy requests will be returned for further information.
1.4.5 Copyright

It is the policy of Brigham Young University that all faculty and staff (including ELC staff) must comply with state and federal copyright laws. The following guidelines will help teachers determine what constitutes lawful use of copyrighted materials. These guidelines are an abbreviated version of BYU’s Copyright Policy; for the complete policy, please see BYU Copyright Policy.

Copyrightable subject matter includes virtually all conceivable type of expression that is fixed in tangible form. Thus, copyrighted works can include:
1. Printed or other written materials;
2. Computer programs and databases;
3. Audio and audiovisual recordings and motion pictures;
4. Paintings, sculptures, and other artistic works.

Date of creation also helps determine whether something is copyrighted. All copyrights for materials published prior to 1906 have expired, and works published before 1971 are now in the public domain. Works published between 1906 and 1976 have a copyright protection for a total of 75 years from the date of publication. Materials created or published in 1978 or later have a copyright that endures the life of the author plus 50 years; this protection is extended to unpublished works as well as published works.

Most government documents are not copyrighted. Documents prepared by employees of the U.S. government as part of their official duties are not copyrightable and can be copied freely. However, documents published by others with the support of government grants or contracts do have copyright protection.

As a general rule, copyrighted material can be copied only with permission from the copyright owner. Some copying of copyrighted materials without consent is permissible under the “fair use” stipulation. “Fair use” exceptions are limited to the following:
1. Teachers may make a single copy for scholarly research or teaching.
2. Multiple copying for classroom use is permitted only if it satisfies limitations on length, cumulative effect, and spontaneity. For example, the fair use guidelines provide for copying and distribution to students of a single chapter of a book, a short story, a single poem of limited length, or an essay where the copied item is used for the first time and the inspiration to use the piece occurred so close to the time of use that insufficient time was available to obtain permission.
3. Copyrighted television programs may be recorded for the purpose of classroom instruction only if it is not retained more than 45 days. These recordings must be shown during the first ten school days of the 45-day period; and may be shown again once for review.
4. A motion picture, music recording, or other audiovisual work may be presented in class if it is part of a teaching activity, if it is shown in a classroom, and if it is presented from a copy that was lawfully made and obtained.

No materials for distribution on campus which are published without consent (even if considered “fair use”) may be duplicated at commercial copy services. Anthologies do not fall under limitations provided by fair use. Anything accessed by the Internet falls under the same
guidelines and limitations as the above materials. Copying computer software is prohibited unless the new copy or adaptation is an essential step in its utilization or if the new copy is used as a “back up” copy. Under no circumstances are students, faculty or staff permitted to copy ELC computer programs for their own personal use.

Teachers are responsible for obtaining consent and encouraged to allow sufficient lead time for obtaining permission for materials to be used in class. For print or digital media copyright clearance or questions contact the Copyright Licensing Office in 3760 HBLL, email copyright@byu.edu or call ext. 2-9339. For questions relating to any of the above guidelines, please see the BYU Copyright Policy.

**ELC Ownership of Materials Created for the ELC**
Work that is done on BYU computers or with other BYU resources, or work done as part of a job for which a teacher is being paid, belongs to BYU and/or the ELC. If teachers use BYU resources and wish to maintain ownership of anything they create, they should talk with the ELC Program Coordinator.

### 1.4.6 Observation Room
The observation room (263 UPC) is available to teachers who wish to record their teaching. This recording can be done as a requirement for supervisor evaluations (see below) or for personal and professional development. The observation room can be scheduled by contacting the front office in Room 103. If teachers wish their classes to be recorded, they should first schedule the room, and then email the computer lab assistants (elc-csrs@byu.edu) and let them know when they have scheduled it. A lab attendant must be available during that time to record their class because the recording and handling of the equipment must be done by a CSR. **Please note that access to the observation room may be extremely limited Winter Semester since it will be used heavily by the practicum students and their professors.**

Teachers can see their recordings by connecting to the elclab.byu.edu server on any computer (Finder ⇒ Go ⇒ Connect to Server). If you are asked to provide a username and password, then enter elcstudent as both the name and password. Next, click on the volume titled Video Observations to see your recording.

### 1.4.7 Teacher Resource Library
The Teacher Resource Library (176 UPC) has a variety of teaching materials available for teacher use and study. ELC students are not allowed to use these materials. Textbooks may be checked out for the entire semester, resource books for two weeks, and pictures for one class period only. CDs that accompany textbooks can be checked out from room 103. Nothing should be removed from the library without being properly checked out. All materials should be returned promptly to the Return Shelf. Teachers should not re-shelve materials themselves, especially pictures. At the end of the semester all textbooks, CDs and binders need to be returned, even if the teacher plans to use them the next semester. At the end of the semester, teachers should verify with one of the office workers that they have returned all items.

### 1.4.8 TeacherXchange
TeacherXchange is a resource teachers can use to share files with colleagues and find hundreds of electronic resources to help with each class level and skill area. Teachers can access TeacherXchange on any ELC computer. If the computer is not already connected to the teacher server, it can be connected through the Finder (Finder ⇒ Go ⇒ Connect to Server ⇒ elct.byu.edu). A BYU Net ID and password are needed to log in. If the server does not recognize your Net ID, please contact a computer lab attendant. Teachers are encouraged to save their own materials to TeacherXchange in an appropriate folder so that other teachers can benefit from their experience too. Teachers should not dump all their files onto the file exchange at the end of the semester. Rather, teachers should put materials for the appropriate classes and activities in the correct files.

1.4.9 Textbooks and Workbooks
Students are required to buy their textbooks, including readers or required magazines for reading classes. They are told upon admission to the ELC that their textbooks may cost up to $300.00 per semester. Teachers should warn students not to buy or to attempt to turn in pages from used workbooks. Teachers should help enforce this by not allowing students to reuse books in the classes that require students to write in the answers. Teachers should also encourage students to get the appropriate edition of a textbook. In order to keep costs low, students may have the option of renting some of their books or using e-book readers. Teachers will be notified if these options are available for their classes.

1.4.10 Extracurricular Activities
In an effort to enhance students’ cultural experiences and to give them meaningful language experiences outside of the classroom, the ELC hosts three or more extracurricular activities per semester. Teachers should encourage their students to participate in these activities. Teachers can also be paid to assist in planning and hosting these activities. If they are interested in participating on the activities committee, they should indicate this on their teaching application.

1.4.11 Out-of-Class Activities
Teacher-sponsored activities away from the UPC, such as fieldtrips, are usually discouraged. Any activities teachers may want to have with their classes outside of class time are also discouraged; nevertheless, the activity may be approved by the program supervisor and the Associate Coordinator if there is a compelling pedagogical justification for it. If a fieldtrip or out-of-class activity is approved, the following guidelines must be followed. Because of increased transportation expenses, university vehicles may not be used. Teachers may have their students meet them at the activity site as long as students have enough time to arrive and then return to the ELC before the next class, in the case of fieldtrips. Teachers should not allow students to ride with them for liability reasons. The students may organize carpools on their own. However, students traveling by private vehicle must not be required to carry passengers, though they may voluntarily elect to do so. For a full disclosure of BYU’s student travel policy, please see the following link: https://purchasing.byu.edu/dept/trvl_docs.asp?id=321

1.4.12 Scheduling Facilities and Resources
Generally, teachers may sign up for facilities and available technology resources through the online scheduler accessible from the ELC website (elc.byu.edu/scheduler). The scheduler allows reservations for the computer lab, LCD projectors, document cameras, the chapels, the kitchens, the gym, NEO keyboards, iPod lab, the observation room, and other technology resources. Teachers will usually be limited to advance reservations for once a week per resource throughout the semester. Later in the semester they may sign up again if the resource is still available within one week of the date they would like to use it. Nevertheless, resources should not be monopolized. Everyone should have a fair chance to access them. If teachers only need a resource for half the class period, then they should sign up only for that half period so that other teachers who want to use the resource for the other half of the class will be able to do so. Please note that if you sign up for a portable resource for the first half of a period, it is helpful to indicate the room you will be in so that a teacher signing up for the same resource for the second half will be able to find it. Also, to use resources as efficiently as possible, teachers should make sure to cancel a reservation if the resource is no longer needed. Repeated reservations that are not used will be noted and may result in the inability to use that resource in the future.

Using the Kitchen, Chapels and Cultural Hall

Teachers are welcome to use the kitchen, chapels, and cultural hall for their classes. The online scheduler should be used to reserve the specific area the teacher wishes to use. It is the teacher’s responsibility to make sure that everything in the area is clean before leaving. If the kitchen is locked, an office worker can be asked for assistance. The key will not be given to a student, only to a teacher. Food must not be left in the refrigerators after class. Teachers need to furnish their own utensils and paper goods.

The chapels should also be treated with singular respect because of their dedicated purpose. When the curtains are closed across the front of the chapels, they become classrooms. The curtains will usually be closed during the week. If the curtains are open and classroom activities will be noisy or lively, contact the front office for assistance in closing the curtains.

PART 2: Classroom Teaching and Learning

From the ELC’s Mission Statement:

2. Providing ELC students with the highest quality teaching of foundational and academic English in a research-based curriculum.

2.1 General Classroom Management

As ELC teachers adhere to the following guidelines, classes will have continuity and learning will be maximized. Classes must start and end on time. Teachers should not dismiss class early
and should make effective use of the 65 minutes they have with their students. Usually “teacher talk” should be minimized to ensure adequate time for students to practice applying the appropriate principles. Good planning ensures that teachers do not have to leave class for forgotten materials. Back-up plans also help to handle any unforeseen circumstances. Neither teachers nor students are allowed to bring children to class. Any visitor must be approved by the program supervisors. Teachers must enforce the BYU Honor Code, the Dress and Grooming Standards (see below), and attendance policy. If persistent disruptions or other behavior problems occur in the classroom, teachers should inform their program supervisors and send the student to meet with the Student Life Advisor. For more information please see the section: Incident Reports.

2.2 Distributing Grades to Students

Because stakes are high for citizenship grades, students need to be able to track their grades. Therefore, teachers must do the following on a weekly basis: (1) update student grades, and (2) ensure that students have access to their grades. This will allow students to make course corrections if necessary. Students will receive a formal notice of their grades from the Administrative Assistant twice each semester, once at midterm and once after the LATs have been completed. These grades are distributed by email, so it is imperative that students keep their contact information current.

2.3 English Use at the ELC

The following is from the ELC Student Handbook:

English use at the ELC can be captured in one sentence: *We expect excellence; you should too.* The ELC is an English language school. As such, you are expected to speak English as much as possible in and out of class. Most teachers will insist that you speak English all the time you are in their classroom. We expect you will do the same outside of class. You are here to improve your English, the greatest language development will occur when students are using English.

**Teacher responsibilities**

1. Make it very clear to students the first day of class that we expect them to use English while in the ELC. This is a matter of their personal progress, and respect for others.
2. Throughout the semester positively reinforce with students the expectation of excellence and their diligent efforts to improve their English by using it.
3. Teach students the etiquette of language use.

**Student responsibilities**
1. Be self-regulated learners. Excellence is only achieved if you make the necessary effort to improve.
2. Set goals for how you will use English while at the ELC
3. Have a positive attitude towards other students who are using English especially those who speak the same native language as you. Help each other improve.

## 2.4 Honor Code

ELC students, faculty, administration, and staff at the ELC seek to live by those moral virtues which are part of the gospel of Jesus Christ. They will:

1. Be honest;
2. Live a chaste and virtuous life;
3. Obey the law and all campus policies;
4. Use clean language;
5. Respect others;
6. Abstain from alcoholic beverages, tobacco, tea, coffee, and substance abuse;
7. Participate regularly in church services;
8. Observe the Dress and Grooming Standards;
9. Encourage others in their commitment to comply with the Honor Code.

Specific policies that will be addressed here are the Academic Honesty Policy (including cheating, falsification, and plagiarism) and the Dress and Grooming Standards. If teachers have problems with students who are violating the Honor Code, they should contact their program supervisor or the Associate Coordinator. Also please see the section: Incident Reports.

### 2.4.1 Academic Honesty

Teachers must be aware of the high standards regarding academic honesty upheld by Brigham Young University. It is the teacher’s responsibility to make sure that students are aware of these standards and encourage and/or enforce their compliance to these standards. Teachers should remind students often that their integrity is more important than their grade. Students may view a complete listing and explanation of the ELC’s Academic Honesty policy in the Student Handbook. These standards are abbreviated here to help teachers know what students have been told.

**Cheating**

This is a form of dishonesty where students attempt to portray knowledge or skills, which they do not have. Examples include:

1. Copying from another person’s work while completing an assignment, quiz, or test;
2. One student allowing another student to copy while completing an assignment, quiz, or test;
3. Talking with others without permission while working on an assignment, quiz, or test;
4. Using unauthorized materials, such as a cell phone or notes, while working on an assignment, quiz, or test;
5. Completing an assignment, quiz, or test for someone else;
6. One student allowing another student to complete an assignment, quiz, or test for him/her;
7. Continuing work on a timed assignment, quiz, or test after the time has ended;
8. Using your work from a previous class without approval;
9. Completing an assignment, quiz, or test and then telling a classmate what was on it;
10. A student asking a classmate about an assignment, quiz, or test that he/she has not yet taken.

**Falsification**

This is a form of dishonesty where a student attempts to make up or change source material for an essay or other research project. Examples include:

1. Citing a source that does not exist,
2. Citing a source for ideas and information that are not included in the source,
3. Intentionally distorting the meaning or applicability of data,
4. Inventing data or statistical results to support conclusions.

**Plagiarism**

*Intentional plagiarism* is the act of representing the words, ideas, or data of another as your own without citing the author through quotation, reference, or footnote. *Inadvertent plagiarism* is the act of using another’s words, ideas, or data without citing the author properly. This usually results from not knowing the rules for documenting sources or from not being careful in research and writing. Students who have questions about citing an author should talk with their teacher.

Examples of plagiarism include: *direct plagiarism*—copying an original source exactly without citing the author; *paraphrased plagiarism*—paraphrasing ideas from another that the reader might mistake for your own because the author is not cited; *plagiarism mosaic*—the borrowing of words, ideas, or data from an original source and blending this original material with your own without citing the author properly; and *insufficient acknowledgment*—not completely citing the authors for their words, ideas, or data from an original source. Plagiarism may occur with unpublished as well as published writing. Acts of copying another’s work and submitting it as your own individual work without proper credit to the author is a serious form of plagiarism.

Teachers should have a specific disclosure in their syllabus about these academic honesty standards and how they will address any problems that may occur with them in class. If teachers have an issue with plagiarism in their classroom, they should notify the appropriate program supervisor as well as the student and fill out an incident report. Because plagiarism is a serious issue this should be done the first time an offense
occurs so that the program supervisor can meet with the student and discuss the seriousness of the actions. Please see the section below: incident reports.

2.4.2 Incident Reports and managing student behavior
Anytime students exhibit inappropriate behavior that is contrary to ELC standards or that is disruptive to classroom learning, teachers should fill out an incident report form and contact the appropriate program supervisor. Incident reports allow the ELC to document specific behaviors. Issues that should be reported include but are not limited to plagiarism, cheating, falsification, serious honor code violations, negative classroom attitudes, disrespect or mistreatment of teachers or classmates, and repeated violations of our expectation for English use. Program supervisors are responsible for mediating any conflicts between students and teachers. If students exhibit problematic behavior in class, they may be sent to speak with the Student Life Advisor. If this occurs, program supervisors should also be notified.

2.4.3 Dress and Grooming Standards
Teachers are required to enforce the BYU Dress and Grooming Standards. Please see the Student Handbook for an explanation of what these standards entail. As a teacher, do not allow violators of this code to attend class. Mark them absent (or late) until they comply. The Student Life Advisor can aid in such situations, such as providing students with a razor from the front office. If the violations become serious or there are recurring problems with the same student, the student should be sent to speak with the Student Life Advisor. Students should understand that non-compliance will adversely affect their citizenship grades and may result in dismissal. Please see the section on incident reports.

2.5 Level Achievement Tests (LATs)

All students are required to take the Level Achievement Tests (LATs) at the end of each semester. These tests, along with teachers’ citizenship and proficiency grades, determine whether students will be allowed to return the next semester, and if they do, to what level (also see in section 1.3.1, Level Achievement Test Rating). A student’s failure to take the LATs will result in failing proficiency grades for all classes and may result in dismissal from the ELC. The best preparation for students to do well on the LATs is to simply review what they have been taught in class.

All students will take a single test that has questions that cover the range from Foundations A to Academic C. Students will be expected to have mastered all the items that are associated with their current level and lower. For example, a student in Foundations B will be graded on all the items that are at level Foundations A and B. If they successfully complete the tasks associated with the next highest level, they may be able to skip a level. So, a student in Foundations C who passes all the Academic A tasks and has teacher recommendations would be able to skip to Academic B.

LATs are administered over two days. During the first day, students take the computerized tests, which include speaking, writing, listening, grammar, and computer-adaptive reading
tests. On the second day students will take paper and pencil tests for reading and vocabulary. For more specific information about these tests please see http://elc.byu.edu/student/finals/finals_info.php.

Students must know that LATs will not be administered early or late. The exams are a firmly scheduled part of the semester, and students must not make plans that interfere with them. Teachers should inform students that if they arrive after the posted start time, they will not be allowed to take the test unless they pay a late fee (up to $20). If illness or uncontrollable circumstances prevent students from taking an examination on the scheduled day, they are responsible to inform the Technology and Assessment Coordinator as soon as possible (801-422-5755). Students should note that travel plans are not “uncontrollable circumstances.”

2.6 Self-Access Study Center (SASC)

The Self-Access Study Center (SASC) is a place where students can check out resources for out-of-class use and where they can receive help from tutors. Students can sign up on the ELC website for a tutor during the lunch break and after school. Teachers can remind students that if they want a better chance to get a tutor, they need to sign up 24 hours in advance.

Students and teachers may check out materials from the SASC at the desk. Certain materials, however, may not be removed from the SASC, such as the TOEFL materials and dictionaries. Students must return checked-out materials on time otherwise they will be charged a fine. This fine must be paid before students can take the LATs. Teachers may also check out materials from the SASC by completing a checkout slip in the brown checkout box behind the SASC counter. Teachers must return any checked out materials before the end of the semester.

2.7 Testing Schedule

The testing schedule for the computer lab will be distributed at the beginning of each semester. Teachers will be required to sign up for paper-and-pencil tests throughout the semester at the appropriately scheduled time. Computerized tests and Academic Word List (AWL) Vocabulary tests are always given on Fridays. These testing dates are not flexible. Students should plan their work and other schedules to accommodate their test schedule. Teachers can contact supervisors for more information about these tests.

2.7.1 Academic Word List (AWL) Vocabulary Tests

The objectives of the AWL Vocabulary Tests are to ensure that students will learn to recognize and use the Academic Word List through both independent study and in-class practice. Academic reading teachers are responsible for giving students initial instructions about the AWL, teaching them how to study independently, and making them aware of their continued progress in mastering their AWL vocabulary. The other academic teachers are responsible for reviewing the AWL vocabulary in class each week and ensuring that students use them in the context of the specific skill area(s) emphasized in their respective classes.
At midterm and at the end of each semester students receive both a citizenship grade and a proficiency grade for the AWL vocabulary. Citizenship grades will be pass/fail and will be determined solely by taking the tests on Friday. There is no administration of late vocabulary tests; however, students can miss up to 3 tests without having any effect on student status. If more than four are missed, a student’s ability to return to the ELC for another semester is in jeopardy.

Scores on the vocabulary tests are sent weekly to each teacher and to the students. The scores help students know the words they need to study. On the Monday after each vocabulary test, students can attend an answer/test review session to find out which questions they missed and receive limited instruction on specific words (see the table below). If a student scores below 50% on a test, the student is required to attend the Monday review session. If the student does not attend the review, the test will be considered as one of the 3 tests the student is allowed to miss. At the end of the semester students will take an Academic Word List LAT. The weekly tests and review sessions will prepare students for that final exam.

The AWL Test is administered to all Academic students at 9:00AM each Friday. Testing usually takes place in Rooms 201-205 or 271-275. Teachers should confirm testing times and location for their specific class before the beginning of the semester and pass this on to their students. Answer/Test Review sessions will take place each Monday according to the following schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Room</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Teacher</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Academic A</td>
<td>360 UPC</td>
<td>2:45-3:15 p.m.</td>
<td>TBA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Academic B &amp; C</td>
<td>366 UPC</td>
<td>3:15-3:45 p.m.</td>
<td>TBA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.7.2 Computerized Tests

Students can choose the time they take two computerized tests: the 30-minute essay tests and integrated writing tests. To do this, students log onto [http://elc.byu.edu/testSignup](http://elc.byu.edu/testSignup) with their BYU ID and password. Here they select their class and then reserve a time. Students should arrive early and line up outside the east door for their test. If students are more than 10 minutes late, they will have to log onto the Test Sign-Up and find another time that is available. If they miss their appointment and no times are available for the rest of the day, then they will not be able to take the test. They will have to petition their teacher to be able to take a late exam (see Late Exams below).

All computerized tests are administered on Fridays. Times range from 8:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m., with the last test starting at 1:00 p.m. Tests are no longer than one hour. Students are not allowed to leave and come back during a test. Reservations are on a first-come, first-served basis.

Listening/speaking tests are taken in the computer labs on Fridays. The schedule for these tests is as follows:

- 8:00 a.m.—Academic B & C L/S
9:00 a.m.—Foundations C L/S
10:00 a.m.—Academic A L/S
12:00 p.m.—Foundations A & B L/S

Students must bring a picture ID to check in to take a test. They should not bring anything else (including big coats, backpacks, purses, cell phones, MP3 players, electronic dictionaries, books, etc.). All personal items should be stored in the lockers. The ELC will provide scratch paper and pencils for the tests that allow it (Academic Listening Tests and the last two Foundations C L/S tests). Pencils and scratch paper need to be returned upon completion of the exam.

Students will only be able to access the Testing Room through the east door of the computer lab. The door between the computer lab and the SASC will be locked, and the west door will be the entrance for students wanting to use computers for homework. Students using computers for homework are not allowed to come over to the testing side. Please note that during some hours, there will be too many tests being administered to accommodate students that want to do homework. They will have to use the computers in the SASC at those times.

The following actions are considered inappropriate behavior/cheating:
1. Talking to anyone other than a test proctor after checking in to take the test;
2. Using another student’s work;
3. Using cell phones or other unauthorized electronic devices, such as dictionaries or iPods;
4. Telling classmates the content of the test after they leave, or asking classmates who’ve already taken the test for help;
5. Not following the directions of the proctors.
6. Leaving for any reason during the test.

Students who do these things will be asked to leave, and the teacher will be notified that the student has cheated.

2.7.3 Late Computer Exams
Students should make Friday tests a priority and adjust their schedules to take their tests at the appointed hour. Late tests are exceptions. Students who are permitted to work are told not to schedule work on Fridays. Having to work is not a valid excuse for missing a test. However, when an exception does occur, the test needs to be taken the Tuesday directly following the original test administration, immediately after the 4th hour class. For any exception to this policy, the teacher should email the Technology and Assessment Coordinator directly. To take a late test, students should follow these instructions:
1. Download and print the late test form from the following site: http://elc.byu.edu/student/test_info/LateTestForm.pdf.
2. Fill out the form.
3. Get their teacher’s signature on the form.
4. Take the form to 103 UPC and pay a late fee of $5.
5. Take the form to the computer lab before 2:35 p.m. the Tuesday after the original test administration and show it to a CSR on duty.
6. Return Tuesday at 2:35 to take the late test.

**2.7.4 Paper/Pencil Tests**

Teachers at the English Language Center are encouraged to use class time effectively. Administration of quizzes and tests can use class time that could otherwise be used for instructional purposes. For this reason, teachers are asked to have students take quizzes and tests that would take more than 20 minutes of instructional time in the ELC Testing Center. The testing center is available on Friday from 8:00a.m. to 12:00p.m. In order to keep students from having two tests at the same hour, the hours are reserved as follows:

- **8:00 a.m.** Foundations Writing tests, Academic A Reading and GAP Reading, Vocabulary
- **10:00 a.m.** Academic B Reading, Academic C Content Classes and Foundations Grammar/Writing and Structure Classes
- **11:00 a.m.** Foundations Reading Classes

All tests begin on the hour, and a maximum of six classes (90 students) can take a test at a given hour. Teachers sign up for a 50-minute slot on the ELC Testing Center Scheduler at [elc.byu.edu/test_scheduler](http://elc.byu.edu/test_scheduler). Tests need to be scheduled by 5:00 p.m. the Wednesday before the test.

If there are no spaces available during the teacher’s allotted time, he/she may check with the teachers of the other skill areas to make sure they aren’t administering a test at the same time. If they aren’t, the teacher may schedule a test at another hour.

To minimize proctoring costs, sign up for rooms 201, 203, and 205 before signing up for 271, 273, or 275. That way if only three classes are taking a test, the proctor for the other room can work on other assignments.

Teachers must create a Test Cover Sheet that includes the class name, teacher name, test date, test time, test room, and student list. A sample cover sheet can be downloaded from: [http://elc.byu.edu/student/test_info/pnpPolicies.php](http://elc.byu.edu/student/test_info/pnpPolicies.php).

If a teacher is teaching two sections of the same class, it is helpful if the tests are different colors. This makes it easier to sort when the tests are complete. Teachers must have all test materials copied and submitted to the Testing Center Box in 176 UPC by 5:00 p.m. the Wednesday before the test is to be administered. This box is marked “In” to remain unobtrusive. The unscored tests will be placed in the “Out” box Friday afternoon following the administration of the test.

When they’ve scheduled a test in the testing center, teachers must give the following instructions to their students:

1. Students must arrive 10 minutes prior to the scheduled test time.
2. No tests will be administered 10 minutes after the test start time. If a student arrives more than 10 minutes after the hour, they will have to discuss make-up procedures with the teacher.
3. Students must bring their BYU photo ID, a pencil, and an eraser with them.
4. Backpacks, purses, cell phones and other electronic devices should be left at home or stored in lockers—they may not be brought into the testing room. Items left in the hallways during testing will be removed to the office (103 UPC) and can be claimed by paying a $1 service fee.
5. Students may not bring any books, papers, or dictionaries into the testing center.
6. Students are not allowed to talk during the administration of tests.
7. If students have questions about instructions on the test they may ask the proctor for clarification but no questions can be asked about specific test items. Teachers are encouraged to review test instructions with the class prior to the exam.

Late paper and pencil exams
If students miss a paper and pencil exam it is up to the teacher to allow the student to make up the test or not. Teachers may proctor late paper and pencil exams on their own or they may use the late paper and pencil exam form available in the office and require students to pay a late fee and have the test proctored by student secretaries.

PART 3: Sharing Scholarship

From the ELC’s Mission Statement:

3. Sharing our scholarship by presenting and publishing our relevant experience, research, and resources for the benefit of others.

3.1 Class Observation Policies

ELC classes may be observed from time to time by Linguistics and TESOL students from BYU campus. On occasion people from the local community also ask to observe. Teachers should not allow students from campus or anyone from the community to observe their class unless they have been notified by the Administrative Assistant and have confirmed with the observer prior to the date of observation. Teachers should respond promptly to someone requesting/confirming a scheduled observation. Unscheduled observers should be referred to the Administrative Assistant. When being observed, teachers should strive to successfully demonstrate the principles outlined in 1.2.1 (Principled Pedagogical Practices of ELC Teachers). BYU students should adhere to the following guidelines for requesting to observe a class.

3.1.1 Requesting to Observe a Class
The English Language Center faculty encourages observations, especially from students who are enrolled in teacher preparation courses. The purpose of class observations by students enrolled in Linguistics courses is not to be evaluative but descriptive. All individuals wishing to observe classes at the ELC must follow the procedures outlined below.
1. Email the ELC Administrative Assistant (arwen_wyatt@byu.edu) at least one week prior to the desired observation. Please tell her your course title, the name of your professor, the dates and times you want to observe (see Note below) and whether you have a preference for a particular skill area or level. She will email you the schedule and teacher contact information and send copies of the email to your professor and to the teacher(s) to be observed.

2. Contact the teacher to confirm that the observation has been scheduled on a date appropriate for observation (e.g., not a test day or during scheduled lab time). Discuss with the teacher beforehand the level of participation you will have in the class.

3. Go to the observation prepared by following the BYU dress and grooming standards. Bring materials for taking observation notes.

4. Arrive at least five minutes before the start time of the class. Ask the instructor where he/she would like you to sit.

5. Be as unobtrusive as possible. Do not interrupt the class or make a disturbance of any kind.

6. Following the observation, thank the instructor for the opportunity to observe. Ask if he/she would like to meet with you to discuss the observation.

Note: ELC classes are 65 minutes long and are held at 8:15, 9:30, 12:15, and 1:30 Mondays through Thursdays. No observations will be scheduled the first or last two weeks of ELC classes. The semester ends one week prior to that of BYU.

**Student Internships**

Sharing scholarship at the ELC partly means sharing the resources and knowledge of our faculty with current TESOL students, both graduate and undergraduate students. Internships are available for undergraduate students with limited teaching, tutoring and supervising. Graduate student internships may include working with Executive Council members, testing or other needs as they occur. For more information please see the internship application [here](linked) or direct questions to the ELC Associate Coordinator.

### 3.2 Curriculum Development Release Time

The curriculum at the English Language Center is viewed as dynamic as opposed to static. Reviews of the curriculum will be conducted on a three-year cycle. Curriculum reviews should be made in order to be assured that the curriculum is current, meeting the needs of the students, and that faculty are properly educated on appropriate ways to teach each skill. We want the best teachers engaged in classroom instruction. The members of the Executive Council should be among the very best teachers we have at the Center. These teachers should also be among the best engaged in curriculum development.

Curriculum development projects at the ELC will be coordinated through the Executive Council. Members of the Executive Council can propose a curriculum development project and request release time for the project. The members of the Council may also make recommendations of other individuals who should be involved in curriculum development projects.
The following procedures and considerations will be followed in approving release time for Executive Council members for curriculum development projects:

1. Projected student enrollment for the semester should be at least 225.
2. No more than two Executive Council Members can receive release time for curriculum development projects within the same semester.
3. Except under unusual circumstances, release time will be granted for the equivalent of one course.
4. Except under unusual circumstances, an Executive Council member may only be granted release time during one semester each year.
5. A project proposal should be submitted to the Executive Council six weeks prior to the beginning of the semester in which release time is being requested.
6. A monthly report will be given to the Executive Council on the work being completed during the release time granted.
7. A final written report will be submitted to the ELC Coordinator within two weeks of the close of the semester in which release time was granted.

3.3 Research Projects

Research is a vital part of the ELC’s mission. Teachers are allowed and encouraged to use the ELC for current research and share their findings both formally and informally. However, the following guidelines must be followed in conducting research at the ELC. If ELC personnel or students are to participate, an IRB proposal must be submitted to the Coordinator of Technology and Assessment in 119 UPC. (IRB stands for Institutional Review Board for the Protection of Human Subjects. See http://orca.byu.edu/irb/FAQs.php for more information.) The teacher must not conduct or participate in research involving students, teachers and class time until the coordinator informs the principal researcher that it has been approved. Research involving class time is usually not permitted during the first or last week of the semester.

3.4 Funding for Conferences

The ELC encourages faculty to attend and present at TESOL-related conferences. Full-time faculty and part-time student faculty may receive funding for these conferences from the Linguistics and English Language Department. However, the department does not fund other ELC faculty for conference attendance. Therefore, the ELC would like to provide financial support for part-time, non-student faculty to attend conferences when sufficient ELC funds are available. This includes providing funding for registration fees for attendance at I-TESOL and International TESOL if ELC funds are available. Other finances associated with conference attendance (e.g., travel, food, hotel costs, membership fees, etc.) will be the responsibility of the faculty member. Registration fees for other conferences related to the faculty member’s work at the ELC may also be considered. If available funds are insufficient for all faculty who apply, those who are giving presentations will be given priority. Length of service at the ELC may also be considered.
The faculty member should submit the form *ELC Financial Assistance Application for Conference Participation for Non-Student Employees* to the ELC Administrative Assistant in room 103. The Executive Council will make these decisions. Applications should be submitted by the end of the first month (i.e., September, January, or May) of each semester. Alternative deadlines may be determined by the Executive Council as needed. Information concerning this policy should be made available to part-time, non-student faculty at the beginning of Fall and Winter semesters.

**Directory: Executive Council**

You may obtain a copy of the ELC Executive Council Directory from Room 103 of the UPC.
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